

Curriculum Map 2022-23 - HISTORY

TERM	CONTENT AND SKILLS					
	YEAR 7	YEAR 8	YEAR 9	YEAR 10	YEAR II	
AUTUMN	Autumn I	Autumn I	<u>Paper I</u>	Paper 2	Paper 3	
	The Norman Conquest	The Slave trade	Medicine	American West	Germany	
	What was England like	What was it like to be	 Medieval Medicine 	 Native Americans 	1. 1918-1923 Weimar	
	before the Norman	involved in the slave trade?	2. Renaissance	2. Ist groups of	Constitution	
	Conquest?	Why were the Benin	medicine	immigration	2. 1924-29 The	
	Why was England a	bronzes made?		3. Indian wars	Golden age	
	battlefield in 1066?	Why was the slave trade		4. The cattle industry	3. Adolf Hitler rise to	
	What was happening in	abolished?	Key skills:	5. The crop farmers	power	
	China at the same time?	The big history of slavery				
	How did William take		Regular practice of exam			
	control of England?	Key skills	questions testing exam skills,	Key Skills		
		I.Knowledge and	which are embedded into			
	Key skills	understanding: students	lessons	Regular practice of exam		
	<u>I.</u> Knowledge and	examine the Transatlantic		questions testing exam skills,		
	understanding: focusing	Slave Trade and evaluate	A01: Knowledge and	which are embedded into		
	more explicitly on methods	different interpretations of it,	understanding	lessons		
	of power and control used	considering who benefitted				
	by monarchs in	and who did not, and why,	A02: Explanation and analysis			
	relation to ordinary people.	reaching a clear judgement.	(second-order concepts)	Specific focus on exam		
	What was going on in China			assessment criteria:		
	at the same time?	2.Explanation and analysis of		ussessment enteria.		
	2 Frankrich and analysis of	second-order concepts:	Personal Development	A01: Knowledge and		
	2.Explanation and analysis of	Focus on describing and	Understand the power of	understanding		
	second-order concepts:	explaining: -	religion on medical ideas.	understanding		
	Focus on describing and explaining:	Cause and consequence (e.g. reasons for and results of	I land a water and the control in the line and the	A02: Explanation and		
	-Cause and consequence	the Slave Trade,	Understand the challenges to religion from science: the	analysis (second-order		
	(e.g. reasons for the Norman	development of the British	power of new ideas.	, ,		
	invasion and its results) -	Empire) –	power of flew ideas.	concepts)		
	Significance (e.g. of the	Similarity and difference (e.g.		Every skills was stine		
	Norman invasion in British	experiences of Empire) -		Exam skills practice		
	history)	experiences of Linpine) -				
	11136017)			Personal Development		

- 3. Source analysis: Exploring how provenance impacts on sources (one source)
- 4.Evaluating interpretations: Making developed comparisons between interpretations with support

Personal development

Understanding the role of invasion in British history, and challenging what it means to be 'British'

Autumn 2

Religion in Medieval England

Why was the church so important in people's lives? What career opportunities were available in the church? Why was the Archbishop of Canterbury murdered? Did the church make everyone good? What have you learned? Using chronology to organise events.

Key skills

Knowledge and understanding: identifying key features of Medieval England religious belief and comparing contemporary ideas about the role of

Significance (e.g. importance of the Slave Trade)

- 3. Source analysis: Using source content and provenance to make comments about the reliability of source, linked to own knowledge
- 4.Evaluating interpretations: Linking interpretations to explicit own knowledge.

Personal development

Understanding the impact of racist attitudes on other nations, and Britain's role in slavery and Empire, making links to the extent of changing attitudes, and continuing problems, today - How protest can lead to change

Autumn 2

The Industrial Revolution

What was the industrial Revolution?
Would you have survived the Industrial Revolution?
What have you learned?
Evidence
Did the Industrial Revolution bring progress and improvement?
What have you learned?change

Understand the culture and values of Native Americans.

Understand the impact of racist attitudes on Native Americans way of life.

	Church and monarchs and	Key skills		
	understanding:	Knowledge and		
		understanding: Beginning to		
	2. Explanation and analysis of	consider how History is		
	second-order concepts:	written and doing it		
	Focus on describing and	ourselves (History as an		
	explaining:	academic subject, not just		
	Cause and consequence (e.g.	the past) by focusing on the		
	Thomas Becket) –	power of new ideas in the		
	Change and continuity (e.g.	Industrial Revolution		
	Significance (e.g. Church)	ilidustriai Revolution		
	Significance (e.g. Church)	2 Evalenation and analysis of		
	2 Course analysis	2.Explanation and analysis of		
	3. Source analysis:	second-order concepts:		
	Learning to make inferences from sources with	Focus on describing and		
		explaining:		
	supporting detail from	Cause and consequence		
	source.	(why the Industrial		
	4 F 1	Revolution happened, impact		
	4. Evaluating interpretations:	on cities)		
	Focusing on describing and	Change and continuity (e.g.		
	explaining two sides of the	extent of change in attitudes		
	story, and making	to disease, poverty,		
	judgements.	education and crime) -		
		Similarity and difference (e.g.		
	Personal development	how similar/different were		
	-The power of religion and	these changing attitudes) -		
	spiritual ideas	Significance (e.g. of the		
	 challenging stereotypes 	period overall)		
		3. Source analysis:		
		Comparing source content,		
		with two or more sources		
		4.Evaluating interpretations:		
		Making inferences from		
		historians' views with		
		supporting detail from		
		interpret		
		Personal development		
·				

SPRING	Spring I The problems of medieval monarchs What happened to England's medieval monarchs? What made a successful king? How important were England's medieval Queens? What have you learned? Interpretations How powerful were English monarchs? What have you learned?change Key skills I.Knowledge and understanding: Comparing key features of Medieval England ideas about the role	How individuals can make a difference -Changing attitudes to poverty, education and crime, linked to social class Spring I Getting the Vote How democratic was Britain in the 19th century? What was the truth about Victorian women? How did women get the vote? How much more democratic was Britain by 1930? What have you learned? Change Key skills Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: Focus on describing and explaining: -Cause and consequence (e.g. the Women's Suffrage campaign)	Medicine 1. Industrial medicine 2. Modern medicine Key skills: Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons A01: Knowledge and understanding A02: Explanation and analysis (second-order concepts)	American west 1. Law and order 2. The battle of Little Big Horn 3. The Dawes Act and the end of reservations Key skills Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons Specific focus on exam assessment criteria: A01: Knowledge and understanding	Germany 1. 33-34 The dictatorship 2. 34-39 Nazi policies to women, young people and the church 3. Nazi policies to minority groups 4. 1939- standards of living and employment policies Key skills Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons.
	England's medieval Queens? What have you learned? Interpretations	How much more democratic was Britain by 1930? What have you learned?	questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into	Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills,	minority groups 4. 1939- standards of living and
	monarchs? What have you	Key skills Explanation and analysis	understanding	lessons Specific focus on exam	policies
	I.Knowledge and understanding: Comparing key features of Medieval	describing and explaining: - Cause and consequence (e.g. the Women's Suffrage	analysis (second-order	A01: Knowledge and	Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded
	of Church and monarchs Making clear links between History topics and the world	Change and continuity (e.g. extent of change in attitudes to women and social class in	Personal Development Understanding the impact of	A02: Explanation and analysis (second-order concepts)	Specific focus on exam assessment criteria:
	today, through a focus on attitudes to gender and race (being Welsh).	voting rights) Similarity and difference (e.g. how similar/different were these changing attitudes)	medical advances in vaccines on the government's ability to prevent killer diseases.	Exam skills practice Personal Development	A01: Knowledge and understanding
	2.Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: - Cause and consequence – eg the rebellion against King	Significance (e.g. of the period overall in changing social attitudes towards voting rights)	Understand the importance of good personal hygiene on preventing disease spreading	Understand the impact of the Colt revolver on the government's ability to	A02: Explanation and analysis (second-order concepts)
	John Change and continuity –	3.Source analysis:		introduce law and order to a new territory.	AO3: Source analysis (question 3a)

Queen Eleanor power and imprisonment
Similarity and difference — the position of Royal women Significance- the impact of invasion and colonisation on Wales by Edward I

- 3. Source analysis: Learning to make inferences from sources with supporting detail from source.
- 4. Evaluating interpretations: Focusing on describing and explaining two sides of the story, and making judgements.

Personal Development

Changing social attitudes to gender, with links to attitudes today: how much has changed and why. Improved knowledge of the history of Wales.

Spring 2

<u>Migration</u>

Who were the first English people?
What have you learned?
Chronology
What drove people to migrate?
How have migrants changed Britain?
What have you learned?
Interpretations

Comparing source content, with two or more sources

4.Evaluating interpretations: Making inferences from historians' views with

Personal development

The development of democracy in Britain, and the political power of ordinary people in making change.

Spring 2

The First World War

Why did the First World
War start in 1914?
What was the First World
War like?
How bad was trench life?
Battle of the Somme
Walter Tull
'Shot at Dawn' conscientious objectors
Spotlight throughout on local
history
How bad was the treaty of
Versailles?

Key skills

1. Knowledge and understanding: Students use their skills to evaluate interpretations of the First World War throughout a variety of topics, and reach judgements.

2. Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: - Cause and consequence (e.g.

Identify the importance of government funded train lines in improving transport systems in a developing country.

The importance of an independent and fair justice system in reducing conflict in a territory.

Understanding the importance and potential for conflict between a state and a national government in USA.

1066 England

- 1. Anglo-Saxon England
- 2. 1066 the invasions

Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons

A01: Knowledge and understanding

A02: Explanation and analysis (second-order concepts)

AO4: Evaluation of interpretations (question 3b-d)

Exam skills practice

Personal Development

How to deal with the losing side (Versailles but also everyday life)

- -Different ways of running a country (PR, Article 48): what works?
- -Left and right wing views: what are they?
- -The impact of radical art and culture on society in difficult times
- -Understanding how the economy works

How can extremist ideas grow?

-Why do some people believe in extremist ideas?

-What impact does economic dislocation have on political extremism? How can democracy be eroded? Improved understanding of the structures of dictatorship

	causes of the First World		
I. Making clear links between	War)		How poople can be
History topics and the world	,		-How people can be
, .	Change and continuity (e.g.		controlled, often
today, through a focus on	changing views of the First		unwittingly, and how to
social changes in, and	World War)		challenge this: growing
attitudes to immigration	Similarity and difference (e.g.		awareness
through race and religion	in views of Conscientious		
(and making links to these	Objectors, 'Shot at Dawn'		Revision - medicine
issues	etc.)		
2.Explanation and analysis of			
second-order concepts:	3. Source analysis: Analysing		
Focus on describing and	the usefulness of a source,		
explaining: -	linked to own knowledge		
Cause and consequence (e.g.			
reasons for migration to	4. Evaluating interpretations:		
Britain and its consequences	As Spring 2, with increasingly		
for Britons,)	complex interpretations.		
Change and continuity (e.g.			
extent of change in attitudes	Personal Development		
to religion and race) -	Attitudes to peace and war -		
Similarity and difference (e.g.	Changing attitudes to mental		
how similar/different were	health.		
these changing attitudes)	Challenging stereotypes of		
	who fought in World War		
Significance (e.g. of the	One		
Windrush overall in changing			
social attitudes)			
3.Source analysis:			
Comparing source content,			
with two or more sources			
4.Evaluating interpretations:			
Focusing on describing and			
explaining two sides of the			
story, and making			
judgements.			
Personal development			

	-Understanding the role of invasion in British history, and challenging what it means to be 'British' Changing social attitudes to race and religion with links to attitudes today: how much has changed and why using the Hugeonets in Norwich				
SUMMER	Summer I Challenges to the Catholic church Was the Reformation a good thing? What have you learned? Change Who won: Catholics or Protestants? Key skills I.Knowledge and understanding: Linking back to attempts in the Middle Ages to challenge the royal power of Henry II students study reasons (introducing the idea of factors for change) for the explosion of ideas in the Renaissance and how Henry VIII began the Reformation in England. The Reformation is then examined until the last Catholic plot in 1605. 2.Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts:	Summer I Conflict in the 20th century How did new ideas cause conflict? What were the main events of the Second World War? Should the atomic bomb have been used on Japan? How do you fight a Cold War? How was the USA drawn into the Vietnam War? What has caused conflict in the 20th century? Personal development Understanding key 20th century ideologies relevant today: Fascism and Communism Understanding local family history Key skills I.Knowledge and understanding: Linking back to the focus on world	Part A of Paper I British sector of the Western Front Key skills: Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons A01: Knowledge and understanding A02: Explanation and analysis (second-order concepts) AO3: Source analysis Personal Development Attitudes to peace and war - Changing attitudes to mental health. Challenging stereotypes of who fought in World War One Understanding the impact of chemical weapons on the	I. Norman government 2. Anglo-Saxon rebellion 3. The harrying of the north 5. The Norman earls rebellion 4. Norman government 5. The succession Key skills Regular practice of exam questions testing exam skills, which are embedded into lessons AO1: Knowledge and understanding AO2: Explanation and analysis (second order concept) Understanding social structures in their historical context and the impact of social class on attitudes to inheritance and language.	Revision First World War Revision – paper 2 1. American west 2. 1066 England

Focus on describing and explaining: - Cause and consequence (e.g. reasons for and results of the Reformation by Henry VIII) Change and continuity (e.g. how were relations between monarch and Parliament changing?) Similarity and difference (e.g. Henry VIII and Elizabeth I) - Significance (e.g. importance of the the dissolution of the monasteries)	history over the past two years, students study the Second World War in its international context. 2. Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: - Cause and consequence (e.g. causes of the War) Significance: importance of the Atomic Bomb) 3. Source analysis: Analysing the usefulness of more than one source, linked to own knowledge	soldiers on the frontline and identify the reasons why these weapons were (and are) banned.
3. Source analysis: Learning to make inferences from sources with supporting detail from source.	4.Evaluating interpretations: As Summer I, with increasingly complex interpretations Personal development	
4.Evaluating interpretations: Focusing on describing and explaining two sides of the story, and making judgements.	-Focus on family history - Links to the world today: impact of the ideas on the world today.	
Personal development The development of religious change in Britain, and the	Summer 2 The Holocaust To what extent were Jews	

persecuted before the

What is the background to

Anti-Semitism in Europe? - How and why did the Final

Solution happen? -How were

the Nazis able to implement

Historians' views -Why is it

the 'Final Solution?

Holocaust?

political power of ordinary

people in influencing that

Changing ideas: 1660-

change.

Summer 2

1789

Understanding the role of invasion in British history, and challenging what it means to be 'British What makes a protest fail? -Norman attitudes to other nations and respect for their beliefs; desire for power, land and money and how this can manifest itself

Why were kings back in fashion in 1660?
What have you learned?
Analytical narrative
What made Restoration
London exciting?
Who ran the country
Parliament or crown?
How modern was England by 1789?

Key skills

Knowledge and understanding: Giving reasons (introducing the idea of factors for change) for the explosion of ideas in the Age of Enlightenment and their impact on relations between King, Parliament and People.

Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: Focus on describing and explaining:
-Cause and consequence

- -Cause and consequence (e.g. reasons for and results of the English Civil War)
- -Change and continuity (e.g. how were relations between monarch and Parliament changing?)
 Similarity and difference (e.g.) –Significance (e.g. importance of the new ideas on the rights of man)
- 3. Source analysis: Learning to make inferences from sources with

so important to learn how Jewish communities resisted?

Key skills

- I.Knowledge and understanding: Spotlight on the Holocaust as a casestudy focusing on longerterm Anti-Semitism than students might expect, tracing the Holocaust across Europe (rather than just Germany), exploring Jewish resistance (challenging stereotypes) and examining historians' views of who was responsible
- 2. Explanation and analysis of second-order concepts: Cause and consequence Change and continuity Similarity and difference Significance Source analysis:
- 3.Encouraging familiarity with analysing source content, provenance and own knowledge
- 4.Evaluation of interpretations: Encouraging familiarity with making inferences from and evaluating historians' views linked to own knowledge, reaching judgements content, provenance and own knowledge Evaluation of interpretations: Encouraging

supporting detail from	familiarity with making		
source.	inferences from and		
	evaluating historians' views		
4.Evaluating interpretations:	linked to own knowledge,		
Focusing on describing and	reaching judgements		
explaining two sides of the			
story, and making	Personal Development		
judgements.	-		
	Long-term Anti-Semitic		
Personal Development	attitudes and the Holocaust:		
Challenges to religion from	improved awareness and		
science: the power of new	understanding.		
ideas	_		

Please complete with proposed timings of assessment as well as details of type of assessment and weighting of marks

TERM	ASSESSMENT CALENDAR 2021 -22				
	YEAR 7	YEAR 8	YEAR 9	YEAR 10	YEAR I I
AUTUMN	Autumn I Assessment 1. Multi-choice questions 2. Structured writing: Why did Harold, King of England lose the battle of Hastings? Assessment focus I. To show an UNDERSTANDING of the reasons why Harold lost the battle of Hastings. 2. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE why Harold lost the battle of Hastings. Autumn 2 Assessment	Autumn I Assessment 1. Multi-choice questions 2. Sources: What impression do sources B, C and D give of the conditions on the Middle Passage? Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of the conditions on the Middle Passage. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE this understanding. To INDEPENDENTLY use, analyse and evaluate historical sources Autumn 2	Assessment Autumn I Explain why there was continuity in the causes of disease during the period 1250-1500. Autumn 2 Explain I way in which ideas about the cause of disease and illness were similar in the I4th and I7th centuries. Explain why there were changes in the way ideas about the causes of disease were communicated 1500- 1700.	Assessment Autumn I Paper I mock exam Autumn 2 Explain why the treaty of Versailles was hated in Germany. Explain why Germany faced economic problems in 1923. Explain why 1924-1929 was a golden age for Weimar Germany.	Assessment Autumn I Explain why the treaty of Versailles was hated in Germany. Explain why Germany faced economic problems in 1923. Explain why 1924-1929 was a golden age for Weimar Germany. Autumn 2 Consider 2 things you can infer from the source Explain why the Munich Pusch failed. Study interpretation I and explain why interpretation 2 is different. How useful are sources b and for an enquiry into the

	1. Multi-choice questions Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of the importance of religion in Medieval life. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE this understanding. To INDEPENDENTLY use and analyse historical sources.	Assessment 1. Multi-choice questions 2. Children in the mill factory inspector report Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of impacts of the Industrial Revolution To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE these problems To INDEPENDENTLY use, analyse and evaluate historical sources			strength of democracy in Germany by 1932. Explain how Adolf Hitler was able to become a dictator by 1934.
SPRING	Spring I Assessment 1. Multi choice questions 2. Chronological account of why Thomas Becket was murdered. Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of why Thomas Becket was murdered. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE these reasons. Spring 2 1. Design a pamphlet giving advice for English monarchs advising them how to be successful	Springl Assessment 1. Multi-choice questions 2. Imagine you are a suffragette: write a newspaper account explaining how your life had changed by 1916. Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of impact of the war on the role of women. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE these changes To INDEPENDENTLY use, analyse and evaluate historical sources Spring 2 Assessment	Spring I Explain I way in which ideas about preventing the plague were different in the I4th and I7th centuries There was rapid change in the ideas about the cause of disease I700-I900. Do you agree? Spring 2 Explain why there was rapid change in disease prevention after I900. Explain why there was rapid change in the prevention of smallpox I750-I900.	Spring I Consider 2 things you can infer from the source Explain why the Munich Pusch failed. Study interpretation I and explain why interpretation 2 is different. How useful are sources b and for an enquiry into the strength of democracy in Germany by 1932. Explain how Adolf Hitler was able to become a dictator by 1934. Spring 2 Explain why unemployment fell between 1933 and 1939 How useful are sources b and c into the attitudes of Germans towards Nazi policies towards women?	Spring I Mock exams Paper I Paper 2 Paper 3 Spring 2 Revision booklet paper I

	2. Multi-choice questions Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of the qualities needed to be successful king. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE this.	1. Multi-choice questions 2. Police report to Oskar Potiorek the governor of Bosnia – write a report explaining why Archduke Franz Ferdinand and his wife were murdered. Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of the impact of nationalism in the Balkans region. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE this.		Summer I How far do you agree with interpretation I about the events of Kristallnacht in 1938? Give 2 things you can infer about the Hitler Youth.	
SUMMER	Summer I Assessment 1. Multi-choice Questions 2. Create a timeline of the main events of the Gunpowder plot of 1605. Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of impact of religious change in England. To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE these changes. To INDEPENDENTLY use, analyse and evaluate historical sources Summer 2 Assessment 1. Multi-choice questions	Summer I 20th century conflict 1. Multi-choice questions 2. Pick I event/battle during the Second World War and design a poster summarising its cause, course and consequence for the war. Assessment focus To show an UNDERSTANDING of impact of a battle/event on the outcome of the war To demonstrate the ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE its impact Summer 2 The Holocaust	Summer I Describe 2 features of the CCS, RAMC, FANY's and support trench. How useful are sources b and c. Summer 2 Mock exams Paper I	Summer I How far do you agree with interpretation I about the events of Kristallnacht in 1938? Give 2 things you can infer about the Hitler Youth. Summer 2 Paper I mock Paper 3 mock	Summer I GCSE exams

2. Create a guidebook	1. Multi-choice		
to Restoration	questions		
London 1660-1710	Assessment focus		
	To show an		
Assessment focus	UNDERSTANDING of		
To show an	impact of the Holocaust on		
UNDERSTANDING of	the Jewish population of		
impact of the Enlightenment	Europe		
on ideas.	To demonstrate the ABILITY		
To demonstrate the ABILITY	TO COMMUNICATE this.		
TO COMMUNICATE these	To INDEPENDENTLY use,		
changes.	analyse and evaluate		
To INDEPENDENTLY use,	historical sources		
analyse and evaluate			
historical sources			